

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

For Online Publication Only

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TRUSTEES LABORERS LOCAL UNION NO.  
1298 OF NASSAU & SUFFOLK COUNTIES,  
BENEFIT FUNDS

**Docket No. 19-CV-6643**

Plaintiffs,

**DEFAULT JUDGMENT**

-against-

**FILED  
CLERK**

TIKI INDUSTRIES INC.

2:05 pm, Jan 07, 2022

Defendant,  
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**U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK  
LONG ISLAND OFFICE**

Having reviewed all of the moving papers, I hereby find as follows:

This action having been commenced on November 25, 2019, by filing of the Summons and Complaint, and a copy of the Summons and Complaint having been served on the Defendant, TIKI INDUSTRIES INC., on December 16, 2019, and proof of service having been filed on January 2, 2020, and the Defendant TIKI INDUSTRIES, INC., not having appeared, answered or otherwise moved with respect to the Complaint, and the time for appearing, answering or otherwise moving having expired.

**Service of Process and Default**

The record reflects that proper service was made on defendant. Docket Entry ("DE") 5.

According to the record, no answer, motion or other appearance was filed on behalf of defendant.

The Clerk has properly entered notation of default pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(a).

## **Liability**

Defendant's default constitutes "an admission of all well-pleaded allegations against the defaulting party." *Vermont Teddy Bear Co. v. 1-800 BEARGRAM Co.*, 373 F.3d 241, 244 (2d Cir.2004). Nevertheless, the Court is "required to determine whether the [plaintiffs'] allegations establish [defendant]'s liability as a matter of law." *Finkel v. Romanowicz*, 577 F.3d 79, 85 (2d Cir. 2009). Based upon examination of the complaint and motion papers, I find that plaintiffs have demonstrated that the uncontroverted allegations, without more, establish the defendant's liability on the following cause(s) of action<sup>1</sup>:

### **On the First and Third Causes of Action:**

- (a) In the sum of \$588,822.90 for the period May 1, 2017, through October 4, 2020, plus interest calculated at ten percent (10%) of the unpaid principal amount due, and liquidated damages calculated at ten percent (10%) of the unpaid principal amount due based on the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the Plaintiff and Defendant.
- (b) Attorneys' fees, statutory damages, court costs, audit fees and disbursements incurred as set forth by the Policy for the Collection of Delinquent Contributions, in the Collective Bargaining Agreement, and as mandated by Section 502(g)(D) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. Section 1132(g)(2)(D).

### **On the Second Cause of Action:**

- (a) In the sum of \$588,822.90 for the period May 1, 2017, through October 4, 2020, plus interest calculated at ten percent (10%) of the unpaid principal amount due, and liquidated damages calculated at ten percent (10%) of the unpaid principal amount due based Section 502 of ERISA (29 U.S.C. Section 1132) which provides that, upon an Employer violation of Section 515 of ERISA (29 U.S.C. 1145), which requires employers to pay fringe benefit contributions in accordance with collective bargaining agreements and trust indentures, a court must award payment to a fund of the unpaid fringe benefit contributions, plus statutory damages and interest on the unpaid principal, both computed at a rate set forth in the United States Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Section 6621),

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<sup>1</sup> The Plaintiffs are not seeking relief for the Fourth Causes of Action in the Complaint which are for an injunction.

together with reasonable accountant fees, attorney fees, audit fees, and costs and disbursements.

- (b) Attorneys' fees, statutory damages, court costs, audit fees and disbursements incurred as set forth by the Policy for the Collection of Delinquent Contributions, in the Collective Bargaining Agreement, and as mandated by Section 502(g)(D) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. Section 1132(g)(2)(D).

DE 1.

### Damages

Based upon a review of affidavits and other documentary evidence, see *Transatl. Marine Claims Agency, Inc. v. Ace Shipping Corp.*, 109 F.3d 105, 111 (2d Cir. 1997) (holding a court may rely upon affidavits and documents in calculating damages upon default), I find that the plaintiff has established damages in the following amounts:

Principal Damages, DE 1 and DE 9 \$588,822.90

#### Basis:

An audit as attached to the Affidavit of James Cornell.

Pre-judgment interest: not applicable

DE not applicable

Attorneys' Fees \$2,000.00<sup>2</sup>

Provider Type	Presumptive Maximum Rate	Rate Sought	Hours Requested	Documented in	Fees
Paralegal	\$110	N/A		DE _____	
Associate Attorney	\$100-295 <sup>3</sup>	\$200	10	DE <u>20</u>	\$2,000.00
Partner	\$200-375	N/A		DE _____	

<sup>2</sup> *Millea v. Metro-North R.R. Co.*, 658 F.3d 154, 166 (2d Cir. 2011) (the lodestar creates the "presumptively reasonable fee").

<sup>3</sup> *Gesualdi v. Seacoast Petroleum Prods., Inc.*, 97 F. Supp. 3d 87, 105-06 (E.D.N.Y. 2015).

Costs, DE 10 and DE 12	<u>\$ 607.50<sup>4</sup></u>
1. Filing Fee:	\$400
2. Process Server Fee:	\$207.50
3. Other: none	
TOTAL	<u>\$607.50</u>

### Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, plaintiffs' motion is granted, and plaintiffs are awarded damages in a manner consistent with this opinion.

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED: That the Plaintiffs have judgment against the Defendant, TIKI INDUSTRIES, INC., in the liquidated amount of \$709,134.98 which includes the benefit fund contributions in the principal amount of \$588,822.90; interest calculated at ten percent (10%) amounting to \$58,882.29; liquidated damages calculated at 10% of the principal amounting to \$58,882.29; costs totaling \$607.50; and reasonable attorney fees in the amount of \$2,000.00.

ORDERED, that the Judgment rendered by the Court on this day in favor of the Plaintiff's, be entered as a final judgment against Defendant, TIKI INDUSTRIES INC., and the Clerk of the Court is directed to enter such judgment forthwith

**SO ORDERED.**

/s/ JMA  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Hon. Joan M. Azrack, United States District Judge

1/7/2022  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date  
Central Islip, New York

<sup>4</sup> *Alland v. Consumers Credit Corp.*, 476 F.2d 951 (2d Cir. 1973) ("costs" generally include such expenses as filing fees).